• <u>- •</u>	日五十月十年十正大	(332)
ひ漸次乏し。 ひ漸次乏し。 一してこの 黄點列の前方は明瞭に後方に向ひ漸 て乏し。而してこの 黄點列の前方は明瞭に後方に向ひ漸 の名殘を止む。 帯の内線は常形に於けるが如く 波狀を呈 の間に挾む 黄色の斑列を 覆蔽し僅かに 黄點列として常形	本邦産蝶類中に現はれたる異常形に見るが如き外縁帯と た、常々示教を賜り又多くの便宜を與へられたる茶色の粉 た、常々示教を賜り又多くの便宜を與へられたる松村、 岡本兩博士に深く感謝の意を表す。 一、アapilio machaon LINNÉ もb. nigrimarginalis MATSOMURA Msc. nov. キアゲハの異常形 (圖版第一圖) 者生則 machaon 型に類似するも次の點に於て異るを 見る。 一、形竝に大さに變化なけれ共、後翅尾樣部極めて短 く常形の三分の二以下にして且內に强く屈曲せり。 二、前翅表面基部の黑色部に散布せられたる黄色の粉 [續く。亞外緣帶は廣く延び常形に見るが如き外緣帶と	●日本産蝶類中の二三異常
	<ul> <li>スロックシューシュージュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックシュ</li> <li>シスロックション</li> <li>ション</li> <li>ション<td>形に就きて(圖版附)</td></li></ul>	形に就きて(圖版附)

(論

**說) ○日本産蝶類中の二三異常形に就きて (桑山)** 

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	(333)	號,	六十	九	百	三角	第	誌	雜	學	物	動		-				
(論: 説) 〇日本産蝶類中の二三異常形に就きて (桑山)	黑く、前縁部中央に於て微かに黑褐斑を現はし、第二第五、後翅裏面は全く白化して一面綠白色、唯翅脉のみ止むるに過ぎず。回、前翅裏面外半は白化現象を呈し、唯翅脉のみ黑色三、後翅表面前緣部中央に存する黑紋は小となる。	り。 は、死長して同室タブレオニンテム目 そ 糸しき ミン		なり。)	外谿 1.00 " なるに本異常形は同じく " 1.45	一、前後翅共稍狹長なり。(則ち 常 形 前 翅 は ; 雪蘂 チレノー!	形に比し異る點次の如し	ゴマダラテフ春生の異常形と見るべきものにして、常	ゴマダラテフの異常形 (圖版第二圖)	ab. albidus nov.	11' Diagora japonica australis LEECH	遽かに同定し難し。	形あるが如きも、同書の記事簡にして亦圖を缺くを以て	Gross=Schmetterlinge der Erde に據るに本異常形の類似	りしため充分なる考察をなす能はず。又 SEITZDie	形に關する研究 (Zool. Jahrb. 1899) を參照すべき機なか	否や大なる疑問とす。SPENGEL 氏の P. machaon の異常	又かゝる異常形が自然要約の下に發現すべきものなるや

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橫 脉を通ずる)紋に流れて大なる三紋を 形 成 せること

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り。後翅に於ては裏面翅底に存する三紋は第二列(中室して一の三 角 形の大 紋となれり。こは裏 面に於ても然前翅表面に於て中室に存する三黑條中、外方二條は合前翅表面に於て中室に存する三黑條中、外方二條は合 ギンボシヘクモンの異常形 (圖版第四圖)ab. witemana nov.	I' Argynnis aglaia fortuna JANSON	一頭は本異常形なりき。    香村氏の同所よりの採品二頭中一頭は普通形なるも、  室藏。	十六日)香村岱二氏採。北海道帝國大學農學部昆蟲學教査地――一で、千島國エトロフ島紗那(大正五年七月二翅開張 五六粍體 長 二三粍	るかしせ	色、各銀紋の內方に境せる黒條は明瞭に且稍太し。又待さの比等には大なる變 化なけれ共、翅 底の大 半は暗 縁以て境せらる。

(335)	號六	十九	百三	第誌	雜學	物重	b	-		
<ul> <li>3) Underside of both wings similar to the typical form, but the outer two bands run together as on the upperside. Length of body 24 mm.</li> <li>Expanse 73 mm.</li> <li>Habitat : Sappore, one <i>Q</i> collected by the author. (June 19th, 1917), and preserved now in his cabinet.</li> </ul>	ment of black bands; the blue scales of the submarginal band and the rust-red spot of the inner angle being reduced.	spots, but markings traceable behind. Secondaries, also, the outer yellow spots disappearing on account of enlarge-	2) Upperside of primaries : Marginal and submarginal black bands united together, not hemmed with yellow	<ol> <li>Tail of secondaries very short and incurved.</li> </ol>	Msc. nov. (Pl. 6, Fig. 1.) Allied to the typical form, but differs in the following	<ol> <li>Papilio machaon LINNÉ ab. nigrimarginalis MATSTMURA</li> </ol>	(with a plate)	By Satoru Kuwayama.	On some Aberrations of the Japanese Butterflies.	[Dobutsu-gaku Zasshi (The Zoological Magazine), Vol. XXXIII., No. 396, 1921.]
secondar the gree three ob of costal	3) U leaving c	primarie: black spo	form. 2) U	latter as 1) B	Simila		treated w	After safe he found	this swa	Remar complete

(June 19th, 1917), and preserved now in his cabinet. 說) 〇日本産蝶類中の二三異常形に就きて (桑山)

(論

Remarks: For the purpose of getting merely some e specimens the author collected the caterpillars of d above aberration in one of them, while the other fely passing the pupal stage and having emerged. with the same conditions, being only the normal allowtailed in the fall of 1916 and reared them

Diagora japonica australis LIEECH

ab. albidus nov. (Pl. , Fig. 2)

ar to subsp. australis LEECH, but differs from the follows :---

30th wings somewhat narrower than the typical

pot of secondaries being smaller. es runs to the outer spot in the same cell; costal Jpperside : Basal bayonet-like spot in the I cell of

mish white colour, excepting the black veins and only black veins and pale blackish marks behind : ries, being albescent, namely the whole surface of Inderside : Outer half of the primaries whitish, oscure traces, a brownish black spot at the middle area and also each at the II and III interspaces.

Expanse Length of body 27 mm83 mm

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Habitat: One female specimen collected by Mr. M. KURISAKI in the Prov. Hyuga, Kyushu (May 4th, 1914), and which was kindly presented to my cabinet.

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Remarks: Mr. S. KAWAI reported also an aberrant form of this species, which was captured in Tokyo, May 27th, 1911 already (Konchiu-sekwai (Ins. World) Vol. XV. No. 167, p. 307 with a fig. 1911). Comparing his description I have noticed that my specimen resembles very closely the aberration of him, so I give the above name to those which exhibit these tendencies. This aberration is allied to FRUHSTORFER's ab. yata.

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3) Argynnis aglaia fortuna JANSON

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ab. shanæ nov. (Pl., Fig. 3)

Closely resembles the typical form, but differs in the following points :---

1) Somewhat smaller in size.

2) Underside of the primaries somewhat brownish, silvery spots on the apical area developed along the outer margin more or less in a line and forming a narrow interrupted streak which becomes obscure towards the hind margin.

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3) On the underside of secondaries the ground colour somewhat ochraceous, basal half darker, outer marginal silver spots become thin and form an interrupted linear

band.

Length of body 23 mm. Expanse 56 mm.

Habitat : One male specimen (the type) from Shana, Etoroff Island, one of the Kurile Islands, July 26th. 1916, by Mr. D. Kōmura. It is now preserved in the collection of Prof. S. MATSUMURA.

Remarks: Mr. KOMURA captured two specimens from this Shana Village, one being of normal form and the other aberrated.

4. Argynnis aglaia fortuna JANSON

ab. wilemana nov. (Pl. , Fig. 4)

On the upperside median two black streaks in the cell of primaries unite and form a triangular blotch. On the underside the streaks in the cell of primaries correspond to the upperside, and with three silvery elongated blotches at the basal half of secondaries, namely the basal and subbasal series uniting together.

Length of body 21–24 mm Expanse 62–55 mm

Habitat: Two female specimens were collected. One was captured at Maruyama near Sapporo, in August 1913, by the author. It is preserved now in the collection of Prof. S. MATSUMURA. Of this specimen, on the upperside

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(論 説) 〇昆蟲の正規的左右不相稱に關する知見 (高橋)	蜻蛉の成蟲の上顎は左右形が異なり口を閉ぢる時は左相稱との二型がある。 「部の上顎は左右形を異にすと云ふ。 「部の上顎は左右形を異にすと云ふ。」 「部の上顎は左右形を異にすと云ふ。	(一) 口 るが正規的に左右不相稱なる部分が少くない。 昆蟲の體は勿論左右相稱 bilaterally symmetrical であ		●昆蟲の正規的左右不相稱	the ground colour paler than the typical form, the marginal areas of both wings whitish, and on the underside the basal half of secondaries darker than the typical one. The other specimen in the collection of the author was captured at Mt. Moiwa near Sapporo, July 5th, 1919, by Mr. T. OKADA. This specimen is somewhat larger than the former. Remarks: This aberration is very similar to those of A. aglaia gutta WILEM. and A. aglaia charlotta HAW. But this aberrant form is easily distinguishable from the latters in existing the change of black streaks in the
	KAND 等の注目を受けたが NININGER は蝗類の多數を檢 「直翅類の上顎の左右不相稱はWESTWOOD,CURTIS,PAC- 「直翅類の上顎の左右不相稱はWESTWOOD,CURTIS,PAC- つて記錄せられた。 うて記録せられた。 してに置く。 このの上顎の左右不相稱なるは何人も知る所で兵蟻に	之に反するは多くの人の觀察したことである。の鉤 hook は或種では殆んど左右同形であるが或種では頸は常に右の上に置かれる。蜻 蛤の幼 蟲の下唇 labium		に 關 す る 知 見	<ul> <li>cell of primaries.</li> <li>at the Pept. of Entomology, Hokkaido Agr. Exp. Sta., Sapporo, JapanJanuary 1921.</li> <li>EXPLANATION OF PLATE.</li> <li>Fig. 1. Papilio michaon LINNE ab. nigrimarginalis MARS. 2</li> <li>Fig. 2. Diagora japonica australis LEECH ab. albidus KWYM. 2</li> <li>Fig. 3. Argynnis aglaia fortuna JANSON ab. shanæ KWYM. 2</li> <li>Fig. 4. Arg. aglaia fortuna JANSON ab. wilemana KWYM. 2</li> <li>A-specimen :</li> <li>a. upperside b. underside.</li> <li>(about ‡ natural size)</li> </ul>

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