

IMPROVED SYNTHESIS OF DIHYDROISOQUINOLINE REISSERT COMPOUNDS

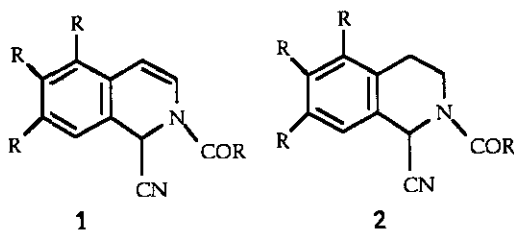
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Abstract - Conversion of a series of 3,4-dihydroisoquinolines to their corresponding Reissert compounds was improved significantly over the usual reaction conditions by buffering the reaction medium at pH 8.

The formation of isoquinoline type Reissert compounds (1) from the reaction of an isoquinoline with an acid halide and cyanide ion has been studied extensively. Compounds of this type have found wide application in the synthesis of isoquinoline alkaloids and related compounds.^{1,2} However, only a few examples of 3,4-dihydroisoquinoline Reissert compounds, (2) have been described.³⁻⁶



In connection with other work being done in our laboratory, we needed to prepare 2-benzoyl-6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinaldonitrile (3). This compound has been prepared previously by two standard procedures. The first (1 : 2 : 3 ratio of substrate : PhCOCl : NaCN) gave a yield of 18%;⁷ the second (1 : 3 : 4.5 ratio of substrate : PhCOCl : NaCN) gave a yield of 67%.⁸

to regenerate the isoquinoline. An excess of reagents (i.e. Method B) is therefore required for the irreversible formation of the Reissert products.

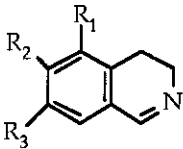
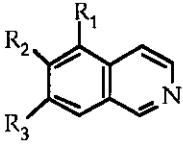
		Substrate	Method ^a	Reaction Time (h)	% Yield RC	% Yield Ald.
	6	$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = H$	A	2	65	-
	6		B	4	-	40
	7	$R_1 = H; R_2 = R_3 = OMe$	A	2	80	-
	7		B	4	40	30
	8	$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = OMe$	A	2	68 ^b	-
	8		B	4	19	35
	9	$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = H$	A	24	48	-
	9		B	4	69	-
	10	$R_1 = H; R_2 = R_3 = OMe$	A	24	38	-
	10		B	4	65	-
	11	$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = OMe$	A	4	38	-
	11		B	4	82	-

Table 1. RC = Reissert Compound, Ald. = aldehyde.

^a Method A: substrate : PhCOCl : NaCN - 1 : 1.5 : 2; buffered at pH 8 (NaHCO₃);

Method B: substrate : PhCOCl : NaCN - 1 : 3 : 4.5.

^b This new compound (mp 121-122 °C) gave satisfactory spectral data:

m/z (rel. intensity) 352 (100)(M⁺), exact mass calcd for C₂₀H₂₀N₂O₄ 352.1423, found 352.1412.

EXPERIMENTAL

General Procedure for Synthesis of Dihydroisoquinoline Reissert Compounds.

The pH of a solution of sodium cyanide (103 mg, 2.1 mmol) in water (0.5 ml) was adjusted from 10 to 8 using conc. HCl (caution: HCN). This was added to a cold (ice-bath) mixture of dihydroisoquinoline (1.05 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (400 mg, 4.8 mmol) in methylene chloride (4 ml). Benzoyl chloride (0.18 ml, 1.58 mmol) in methylene chloride (1 ml) was then added dropwise with vigorous stirring over 30 min, then stirring was continued for an additional 90 min while allowing the mixture to warm to room temperature. Water (10 ml) was added, the layers were separated, and the aqueous solution was extracted with methylene chloride (1 x 8 ml).

The combined organic phases were washed with 10% HCl (2 x 8 ml), 10% NaOH (2 x 8 ml) and water (2 x 8 ml), then dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated. The resulting oil or semi-solid was treated with hexane, then triturated with methanol (or ethanol) to yield the crude Reissert compound, which was finally recrystallized from methanol (or ethanol).

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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